

Roll No.

22221

**M. Tech. 1st Sem. Mechanical
Engg. (Machine Design)
Examination-May, 2015**

NUMERICAL ANALYSIS AND OPTIMIZATION

Paper : M-801-A

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 100

Before answering the questions, candidates should ensure that they have been supplied the correct and complete question paper. No complaint in this regard will be entertained after the examination.

Note : Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. (a) Solve the system :

$$2x + 4y + z = 3$$

$$3x + 2y - 2z = -2$$

$$x - y + z = 6$$

by using Gauss Jordan method

22221-200-(P-4)(Q-8)(15)

(1)

[Turn Over

(b) Solve the equations :

$$2x + y + z = 10;$$

$$3x + 2y + 3z = 18;$$

$$X + 4y + 9z = 16$$

by Gauss elimination method.

2. (a) Given that

$$x: \quad 150 \quad 152 \quad 154 \quad 156$$

$$y = \sqrt{x} : 12.247 \quad 12.329 \quad 12.410 \quad 12.490$$

Evaluate $\sqrt{155}$ using Lagrange's interpolation.

(b) Fit a straight line, by the method of least square, to the following data :

$$x: 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 5$$

$$y: 14 \quad 27 \quad 40 \quad 55 \quad 68$$

3. Describe Newton's cotes formula. Also drive Trapezoidal rule and Simpson's rule and hence evaluate

$$\int_0^1 e^x dx \text{ by Simpson's Rule.}$$

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(2)

4. (a) Using modified Euler's method, obtain a solution of the equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2 + \sqrt{xy} \text{ with initial conditions } y = 1 \text{ when } x = 1 \text{ at } x = 2 \text{ in steps of } 0.2.$$

- (b) Using Runge-Kutta method, compute $y(0.2)$ and $y(0.4)$ from

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x + \frac{1}{2}y, y(0) = 1$$

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5. (a) Find the cubic splines to fit the data and evaluate $y(1.5)$ and $y'(3)$

x:	1	2	3	4
y:	1	2	5	11

- (b) Given that

$$x: 1.96 \quad 1.98 \quad 2.00 \quad 2.02 \quad 2.04$$

$$f(x): 0.7825 \quad 0.7739 \quad 0.7651 \quad 0.7563 \quad 0.7473$$

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ and $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ at $x = 2.04$

6. Write short notes on any four of the following :

- (i) Householder's methods for symmetric matrices

- (ii) Gradient Method
 (iii) Quadratic programming
 (iv) Kuhn Tucker conditions
 (v) Eigen Values and Eigen vectors
 (vi) Applications of Dynamic Programming

7. Find the maximum of the function $f(x) = 2x_1 + x_2 + 10$ subject to $g(x) = x_1 + 2x_2^2 = 3$ using the Lagrange's multiplier method. Also find the effect of changing the right hand side of the constraint on the optimum value of f .

8. (a) State the necessary and sufficient conditions for the unconstrained minimum of the function.

- (b) Solve the quadratic programming problem

$$\text{Maximize } z = 2x_1 + 3x_2 - 2x_1^2$$

$$\text{Subject to } x_1 + 4x_2 \leq 4$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \leq 2$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$