

67804

**LL.M. 3rd Semester (Non CBCS Scheme)**

**Examination, December-2018**

**COMPARATIVE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE INDIA  
AND ENGLAND**

**Paper-(G-IV) M-14**

***Time allowed : 3 hours***

***[Maximum marks : 80***

Students are required to give their answer only in English language. Otherwise answer book will not be evaluated and counted as zero marks.

***Note : Attempt all questions in Section-A and four questions from Section-B. Each question in Section-A carries 3 marks and each question in Section-B carries 14 marks.***

**Section-A**

1. Explain the following :

- (i) Arrest
- (ii) Public Prosecutor
- (iii) Expert Evidence
- (iv) Plea Bargaining
- (v) FIR
- (vi) Accusatory System of Trial
- (vii) Bail
- (viii) Institutional Correction

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**Section-B**

2. Compare the hierarchy of criminal courts and their jurisdiction in India and England.
3. What is the evidentiary value of Statements/Articles Seized/Collected by the police in India? Elaborately discuss with reference to the process in England?
4. What is the concept of Plea-Bargaining? Compare Plea-Bargaining in India and England?
5. Explain the right regarding the arrest and questioning of the accused in India and England?
6. What is the role of Police in preventive and security proceedings of the Unlawful assemblies in India and England?
7. What is the role of judges, the prosecutor and the defence Attorney in the trial in India and England?
8. Compare the pre-trial procedures in India and England regarding arrest and search/seizures.
9. What is the difference between Sentencing and Judgement? Explain the concept of awarding appropriate punishment to the convict in India with the help of cases?