

Roll No.

67804

LL.M. 3rd Semester

Examination – November, 2016

**COMPARATIVE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE (INDIAN &
ENGLAND)**

Paper : (G-II) M-14

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Before answering the questions, candidates should ensure that they have been supplied the correct and complete question paper. No complaint in this regard, will be entertained after examination.

Note : Attempt any *four* questions from **Section-A**. All questions in this Section shall carry **14** marks each. **Section-B** is *compulsory* and each question in this section carry **3** marks.

SECTION – A

1. Discuss the non-compoundable offences in detail. Whether non-compoundable offences can be compounded, if 'yes', how ? Explain with the help of cases.
2. Discuss the concept of Plea Bargaining and Legislative Scheme of Plea Bargaining in India and English Law.

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3. Discuss the meaning and importance of First Information Report. What is its evidentiary value ?
4. Discuss the comparative legal position of the rule of 'double jeopardy' in respect of criminal trial in India and England.
5. Discuss in detail the rights of accused persons in India with the help of case laws in this regard.
6. What is the evidentiary value of dying declaration in Indian Law ? Discuss in detail. How it is different than the English Law.
7. Discuss the comparative account of the legal position with respect to the principle of 'Double jeopardy' in criminal trial in India and England.
8. Discuss the Due process Model of Criminal Justice system in detail under Indian Legal System.

SECTION – B

9. Write short notes on the following :
 - (a) Public Interest Litigation in Criminal Cases.
 - (b) Summary Trial.
 - (c) Charge.
 - (d) Section 319 of Cr. P. C.
 - (e) Private Complaint.
 - (f) Section 156(3) of Cr. P. C.
 - (g) Withdrawal of Complaint.
 - (h) Non-Bailable Offence.